WEATHER STATION MODELS

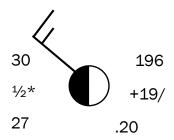
BAROMETRIC PRESSURE

CHANGE IN BAROMETRIC

PRESSURE

th	en use weather ne weather at a location.	
		ion model) is a
th	at the we	eather at a location.
Describe the difference below.	ent information provided b	by a weather station model in the ta
	DEFINITION	HOW DO YOU REPRESENT IT?
CLOUD COVER		
TEMPERATURE		
PRESENT WEATHER		
WIND DIRECTION		
WIND SPEED		
VISIBILITY		
DEW POINT		
AMOUNT OF PRECIPITATION		

• Label the pieces of information provided by a weather station model on the example below.



• The tables below provide information to help you read and draw weather station models.

CLOUD COVER		
Clear	\bigcirc	
Few Clouds	Θ	
Scattered Clouds		
Partly Cloudy		
Mostly Cloudy	•	
Cloudy/Overcast		

WIND				
Calm winds	0	20 knots		
5 knots	Γ	25 knots	F	
10 knots	Г	50 knots	_	
15 knots	F	75 knots	طلله	

BAROMETRIC TRENDS	
Continuously falling	\
Falling, then steady	\
Continuously rising	/
Rising, then steady	
Steady	

PRESENT WEATHER				
Drizzle	9	Haze	8	
Rain	•	Rain showers	∇	
Snow	*	Snow showers	* ∇	
Sleet	À	Smog	~	
Freezing rain	\sim	Thunderstorm	K	
Hail	Δ	Hurricane	6	
Fog		Tornado)[